

# THE TRIBUNE.

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The greatest asset of any country is the brains of its people.—A. B. Law, M. P.

Bank robbers blew up the bank at Union, Mo., early last Saturday morning and got away with about \$15,000.

The settlement of the coal bills seems likely to be almost as difficult and perplexing as the settlement of the coal strike.

It is said that J. Pierpont Morgan was very proficient in mathematics when a school boy. He seems to have been figuring ever since.

Is it possible that any American citizen can forget the woe and weariness of the land under the Wilson-Gorman law of 1893-1897?

The Venezuelan trouble with Germany, Italy and England goes to The Hague Court of Arbitration at the suggestion of the United States.

Wholesale critics of the tariff would commend their sincerity if not their wisdom in showing what particular schedules are harmful to the country.

The courts of Europe don't set a very good example for their people. The Princess of Saxony was compelled by the brutal conduct of her royal husband, to leave him. She went with a better and a handsomer man.

Castro, after finding out that Uncle Sam will not protect him in his efforts to repudiate honest debts, has agreed to have his troubles arbitrated by the powers with Uncle Sam on hand to see that no unfair advantage is taken of the South American country.

You have heard many a boastful man say, "I take a drink whenever I want to." But that is not the trouble. It is the chap who takes a drink when he doesn't want to who is throwing himself to the dogs and depriving his family of bread. And the cursed fool calls it being a "good fellow."—New York Press.

The United States civil service commission, in its annual report has this to say about the number of aged persons in the service of the government: "The age at which persons become superannuated varies greatly, but 70 years may be taken as the general age of the end of activity. Two investigations made under authority of Congress, one in 1893 and one in 1900, show that the extent of this evil at the present time has been considerably exaggerated. In the eight executive departments at Washington in 1893 there were 228 persons of 70 years of age and over out of 11,657, or almost exactly 2 per cent. In 1900 there were 262 persons out of 10,967, or a little over 2 per cent, while the number of persons of 80 years and over had actually decreased during these seven years. An investigation conducted by the United States Civil Service Retirement Association in the spring of 1902 showed that there were only 312 persons over 70 years of age in the departments and federal offices at Washington out of 15,866, or 1.97 per cent.

Religion does not consist in joining the church. It is the right relation of man to God and humanity. It is right living, right doing and right thinking. It is not in a name on the church book, but in a life lived.

A frightful railroad accident occurred last Saturday near a station called Wahstead, on the Grand Trunk line, in which thirty people were killed and many more wounded. The train was running at the rate of fifty miles an hour and run into a freight train. It was an excursion train and of course crowded.

The friends of Wm. H. Wallace, the Kansas City Democratic candidate for United States Senator, are moving to secure his election. They will have a large delegation at Jefferson City to work to that end. Success is not an impossibility. Wallace is all right on the money question and we don't suppose he would want to pitch any government officials in the Missouri river.

M. Edmond Thervy in the Economist European says that the European budgets have increased from 19,837,000,000 francs in 1891 to 29,090,000,000 francs in 1901. Of this increase 3,263,000,000 has gone into the armies and navies, 5,300,000,000 into the railways, posts, telegraphs, telephones and public works and the rest to various services of the state. The military expenses of Europe have risen from 4,612,000,000 in 1891 to 5,324,000,000 in 1896 and 7,875,000,000 in 1901. Of this last figure about 1,600,000,000 francs is represented by the cost to England of the South African war. In 1891 the military budgets of the dual alliance amounted to 1,608,000,000 francs and that of the triple alliance to 1,457,000,000. In 1901 the dual alliance appropriated 2,135,000,000 francs, an increase in ten years of 32 per cent, and the triple alliance 1,958,000,000 an increase of 34 per cent.

## Insane Patients Ate 200 Chickens.

The Missouri State Insane Asylum, No. 3, at Nevada, gave a Christmas dinner to the patients. The following was consumed: 200 chickens, 43 geese, 50 gallons cranberry sauce, 14 bushels Irish potatoes, 500 bunches of celery, 20 gallons of chowchow, 40 gallons of tomatoes, 250 large loaves of bread, 125 gallons of coffee, 2,000 bananas, 475 pounds of candy, 40 gallons of milk, two and one-half cases lemon cream, 250 mince pies.

## Women in New Zealand.

A man with daughters need not feel ashamed in New Zealand. He's a political power. A big man in the district in which he resides. All women over twenty-one years of age can vote, so the man with many daughters often decides a closely contested election. Then, again, women are much sought after matrimonially, for they are out numbered by the men two to one. There is no need for a woman becoming an old maid. The women are good dressers, and the styles are as nearly up to date as those of London and New York.

## A MAN CAN'T swim in shackles.

It isn't a question of being able only to keep afloat. The man who is suffering from indigestion is like the fettered swimmer. His stomach and all its allied organs of digestion and nutrition are diseased. It is not a question of swimming in the race for business but of simply keeping up under any circumstances. Whenever disease affects the stomach it is affecting also the blood and the health of every organ of the body. For blood is only food converted into nutrition and nutrition is the life of the body and every organ of it.

Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It purifies the blood and enables the perfect nutrition of the body which means perfect health. "For six long years I suffered with indigestion and my liver and kidneys, which helped the best doctors in our country," writes H. L. Mansell, Esq., of Watley, Prince William Co., Va. "I suffered with no stomach and back for a long time, and after taking a cart-load of medicine from three doctors I grew so bad I could hardly do a day's work. Would have death-like pains in the side, and blind spots. I began taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets.' Before I had taken half of the second bottle I began to feel relieved. I got six more bottles and used them, and now I begin to say I owe my life to Dr. Pierce." Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for diseases of the stomach, blood and lungs. The Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 large pages, in paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

## Two Policies.

The policy of protection is the foundation of our whole industrial system. Nine-tenths of our industrial capital is invested, nine-tenths of our industrial wage scales and other arrangements are made, upon the supposition that this nation will continue by law to reserve the home market for home producers.

To begin to repeal the tariff would be to disturb all these arrangements. It would unsettle business. It would destroy commercial confidence in the future. It would bring on hard times. That is what tariff tinkering by the Democratic party always has done in the past. That is what it certainly will do again.

On the other hand, the Republican method of dealing with the trusts is to let the tariff alone for the present and seek other methods of curbing trust abuses. The Republican party believes that the trusts can be controlled without taking the risk of bringing on hard times. The Republican party is confirmed in that belief by its success in bringing trusts under control, notably in the present case of the hard coal trust.—New Haven Leader.

## Special One Way Low Rates.

On Dec. 16, Jan. 6 and 20, Feb. 3 and 17, Mch. 4 and 17, April 7 and 21, the Frisco line will sell tickets at one-half fare plus \$2.00 to points in Arkansas, Indian Territory, Oklahoma, Texas, Louisiana and New Mexico.

## American Pie and Kipling.

Goldsmith rhymed of the gooseberry pie. Whittier found a theme in the pastry laden with golden pumpkin. Rudyard Kipling, the strenuous poet, does to apple pie of the American brand—the kind his American mother-in-law makes—and has sent to New York for a glass rolling pin that the crust may be rolled in England as he remembers it here.

"Simplicity talks of pies." But so do geese, whether it be for art various commerce. P. T. Barnum, the noblest showman of them all, not only talked pies but ate them, and had never a dyspeptic day of repentance. Therefore the eager critics who will claim to set reflected in Mr. Kipling's glass rolling pin the signs of his passing in poetry and potency will read the reflectory wrong. The ready Rudyard will confuse them yet with a lustrous ballad of the pastry cook.

The American taste for pie came from England by way of the Pilgrim Father. It is a matter of poetic justice that Mr. Kipling has taken it back to Britain in its now highly cultivated state. If he eats his fruited crust for breakfast he will only follow a practice which he must have observed in New England and which rumor lately declared to be threatening Adulphus fashionable circles in the country at large. But however, and whenever he consumes his pie, Mr. Kipling is sure of best wishes for great joy in his glass rolling pin from the pie eaters of New York—especially from the hall million who attend daily to a factory output of 300,000 round plates of temptation.—New York World.

## MEN NOT THE ONLY DRUNKARDS.

Reports From London Show That Intemperance Among Women Is Increasing.

At a meeting of the Women's Union of the Church of England Temperance Society, which was held recently in London, there was a general agreement among the speakers that intemperance in the use both of spirituous liquor and drugs was increasing among women. All classes were affected, but the drug habit is more prevalent among the wealthy, while gross drunkenness is shockingly common among the poor. The bishop of London said that he had statistics before him which showed that out of one thousand women in a certain workhouse one-half were there for drink, and he told an astonishing story of the abandonment of a factory girl to this vice. It was a custom among them to form what were known as spirit clubs, in which contributions were accumulated for the purchase of liquor. These were regularly assessed for a grand celebration on Christmas eve, when the money went for wine and spirits and cake.

The bishop was of the opinion that sheer poverty and its attendant worries was the cause of so much of the intemperance among women, and dwelt particularly upon the influence of environment. "It was in the East end district not so much the pig that made the sty as the sty that made the pig, and there fore all this intemperance was very much bound up with the question of the better housing of the working classes."

In that sentence and all that it implies will be found one of the reasons for the spread of municipal socialism in England and Scotland. The cleaning out of the slums of great cities has been considered absolutely essential to the health and morals of the community, but it was impossible to effect the necessary changes so long as the slums continued to be rich revenue producers for grasping landlords.

Passing to the other extreme of society, the speaker indicated that under work, like overwork, was responsible for an excessive indulgence in intoxicants. Sir T. Barlow, physician to the king, said that one of the special features of female intemperance was secret drinking, and among the chief causes of this secret drinking among women was lack of occupation, as well as sorrow and worry, bodily weakness and the various forms of pain, which were temporarily relieved by alcohol. It is interesting to note also that this eminent physician thoroughly discountenanced the idea that drunkenness should be treated primarily as a disease or an inheritance. It should be treated, he said, as a sin.—Chicago Record-Herald.

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## Order of Publication in Term Time.

J. L. McConnell, Plaintiff.  
vs.  
Jacob Arnold, Defendant.

Now at this day comes the plaintiff by his attorneys, Templeton & Hales, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant, Jacob Arnold, is not a resident of the State of Missouri, and that the ordinary process of law can not be served upon him, it is ordered by the court that publication be made, notifying him, the said defendant, that an action has been commenced against him, by petition, in the Circuit Court of Bates county, Missouri, the object and general nature of which action is to obtain a decree from said Bates county Circuit Court, under the provisions of Section 653 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri, 1890, confirming in plaintiff title to the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the county of Bates, in the state of Missouri, to-wit:—

The west half of the northwest quarter of section thirty-four (34), of township thirty-nine (39), of range thirty-three (33), and that the record title to said land be perfected in said plaintiff, and unless the said Jacob Arnold, be and appear at this court, at the next term thereof to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Butler, in said county, on the 10th day of February, 1903, and answer or plead to the petition in said cause, the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And be it further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in THE KANSAS CITY TRIBUNE, a weekly newspaper printed and published in Bates county, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion to be at least fifteen days before the first day of the next term of the Circuit Court.

A. B. LUDWICK,  
Circuit Clerk.

A true copy of the record.  
Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court of Bates county, this 23d day of December, 1902.

A. B. LUDWICK,  
Circuit Clerk.

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# SACRIFICE PRICES IN LADIES' WOOL WAIST GOODS

We are offering the remainder of our fancy wool waistings at a sacrifice, in order to close out the entire lot. These waistings were very cheap at the regular price, and the sacrifice price should make them doubly attractive.

Fancy wool waistings, very handsome, were 75c. 60c.

French Flannels in plain colors were 50c. 40c.

Corduroy waistings, in red, blue, brown, green, grey, black and pink, were cheap at 65c. 48c.

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## January Pre-Inventory Sale.

We take inventory of stock February 1st, 1903. We begin our REDUCTION OF STOCK Sale Jan. 1st. Our stock must be a great deal smaller by February 1st. The prices on all winter goods will be made with that end in view. Join the January throng, you will find it at the store of the "BIGGEST AND BEST."

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